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PPLICATION NO	. FILINC	G DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/712,042 11/14/2000		4/2000	Lixiao Wang	S63.2-9213	9167
490	7590	02/11/2004	•	EXAMINER	
•		ΓEINKRAUS, P	THOMPSON, MICHAEL M		
6109 BLUE CIRCLE DRIVE SUITE 2000				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
MINNETONKA, MN 55343-9185				3763	12
				DATE MAILED: 02/11/2004	1

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/712,042	WANG ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
•	Michael M. Thompson	3763				
Th MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ars on the cover sheet with the	corr spondence addr ss				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be t y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) da vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS froi , cause the application to become ABANDON	imely filed ays will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	•					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 N	ovember 2003.					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 19-44 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) 21-29 is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 19,20 and 30-44 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicated any accomplicated may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. So ion is required if the drawing(s) is o	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6.	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail [5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

- 1. Applicant's election of Species A. Claims 19-20, 30-44 in Paper No. 9 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).
- 2. Claims 21-29 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected Species, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made without traverse in Paper No. 9.

Information Disclosure Statement

3. The listing of references in the specification is not a proper information disclosure statement. 37 CFR 1.98(b) requires a list of all patents, publications, or other information submitted for consideration by the Office, and MPEP § 609 A(1) states, "the list may not be incorporated into the specification but must be submitted in a separate paper." Therefore, unless the references have been cited by the examiner on form PTO-892 or PTO-1449, they have not been considered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102/103

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- Claims 19-20 and 30-44 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Onwunaka et al. (5,281,677) or Alzner (5,458,935). Both Onwunaka et al. and Alzner teach polymer blends for use in making medical devices including catheters and balloons for catheters. Specifically he teaches a combination of polymeric components providing characteristics in forming medical instruments such at catheters and balloons wherein the first or second polymeric components are polyurethane resins and polyurethane elastomers as recited by Applicant. It is the Examiner's position that the physical properties are inherent to the blends as recited in the patents. In the alternative, if Applicant disagrees that the physical properties are inherently described in the blends as recited above, it is the Examiner's position that although the references do not expressly disclose the physical

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properties of distension profile, flexural modulus, wall strength, and burst pressures, at the time the invention was made, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to a person of ordinary skill in the art to choose any polyurethane resin and elastomer blend that may result in the properties disclosed by Applicant because Applicant has not disclosed that a specific distension profile, flexural modulus, wall strength or burst pressure provides an advantage, is used for a particular purpose, or solves a stated problem. One of ordinary skill in the art, furthermore, would have expected Applicant's invention to perform equally well with either of the blends taught by Onwunaka et al. or Alzner or several other polyurethane resin/elastomer blend or any blend with for example a flexural modulus of 250,000, a wall strength of 15,000, a burst pressure of 13 atm, because all of the blends as cited by the prior art perform functions of balloon catheters equally well and are well known in the art of balloon catheters materials for several medical procedures such as angioplasty.

Double Patenting

8. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

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9. Claims 19-20 and 30-44 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-

type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-2, 1-19, 1-8 of U.S. Patent No's.

6,171,278; 5,830,182; 6,146,356 respectively. Although the conflicting claims are not identical,

they are not patentably distinct from each other because the above mentioned claims recite

substantially similar limitations with respect to block copolymer elastomer catheter balloons

such as combination the of polymeric components providing characteristics in forming medical

instruments such at catheters and balloons wherein the first or second polymeric components are

polyurethane resins and polyurethane elastomers having a similar distension profile, flexural

modulus, wall strength or burst pressures.

Contacts

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

Examiner should be directed to Michael Thompson whose telephone number is (703) 305-1619.

The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 9 am to 5 PM.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's Primary,

Brian Casler, can be reached on (703) 308-3552. The official fax phone number for all

submissions to the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-

9306.

Michael M. Thompson

Patent Examiner

BRIAN L. CASLER

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

LECHNOLOGY CENTED 3200

February 5, 2004